

The composite Lagrangian cases: LES intercomparison

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Lagrangian analysis of the air mass flow

How?

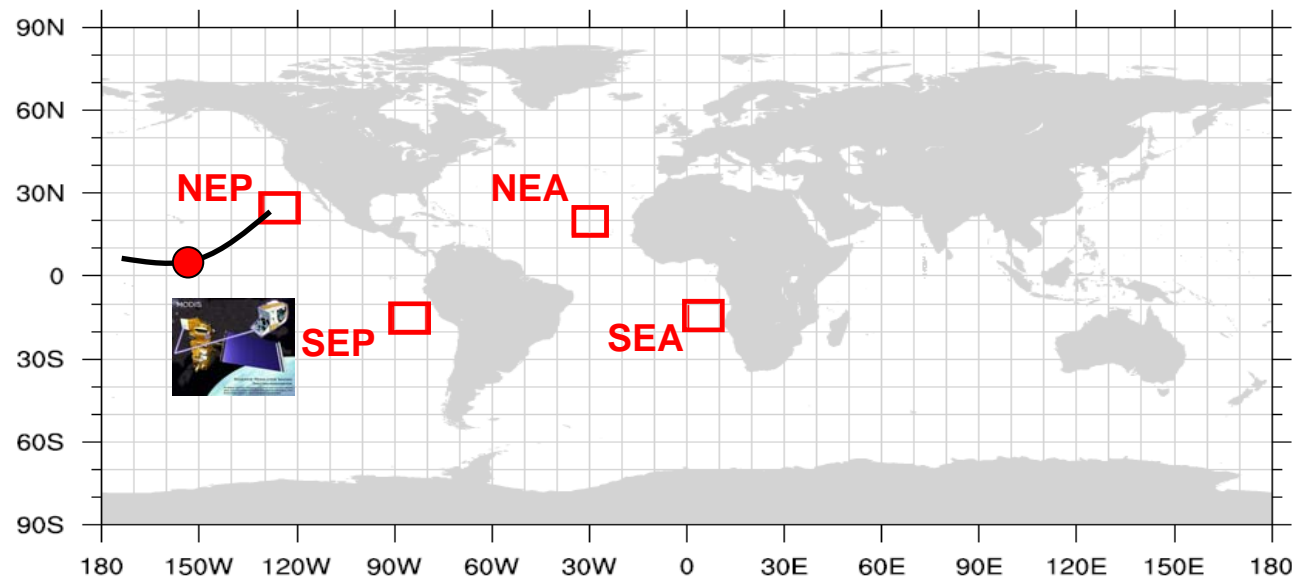
Trajectories + Re-analysis + Satellite data
HYSPLOT (ERA-INTERIM) ERA-INTERIM MODIS (Terra, Aqua)
AMSR-E

When?

2002-2007 (May to October in NE, July to December SE)
Starting time: 11 LT, Duration: 6 days, Height: 200m

Where?

Klein&Hartmann (1993) zones : NE/SE Atlantic, NE/SE Pacific



Sandu, Stevens and Pincus, ACP, 2010



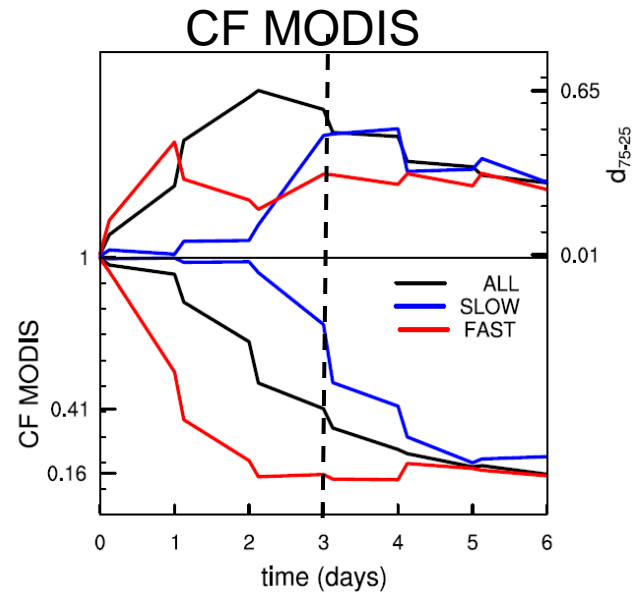
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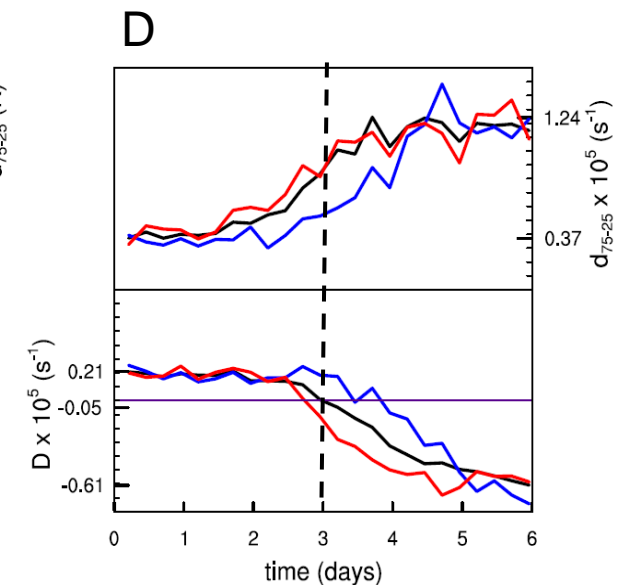
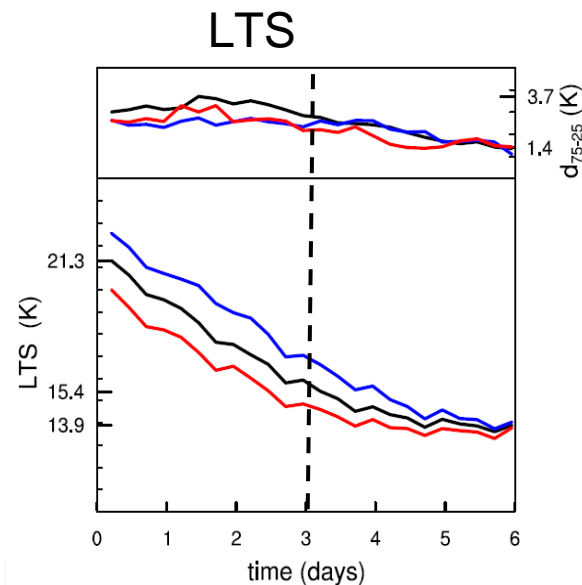
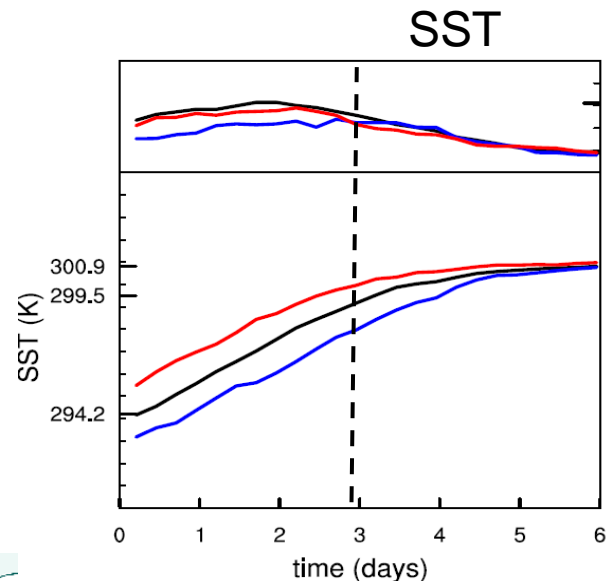
An ensemble of composite cases: slow, intermediate and fast transitions

Composites NEP JJA 2006-2007



ref
slow
fast

----- 3 days



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Our questions

Are the LES able to reproduce:

- ✓ the observed changes in cloudiness induced by changes in the SST/LTS?
- ✓ the transition's pace and its dependence on the inversion strength?

(yes ... Sandu and Stevens, JAS, 2011, accepted)

Do different LES models agree in term of :

- ✓ The decrease in cloud albedo and cloud cover during the 3 days
- ✓ The time evolution of the cloud fraction
- ✓ The growth rate of the boundary layer



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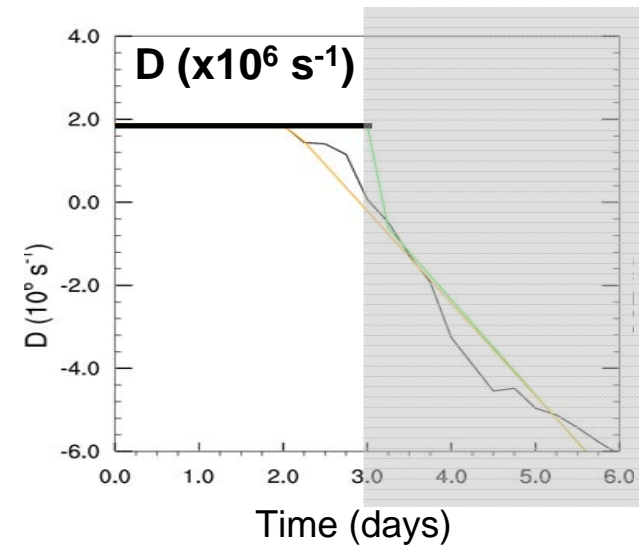
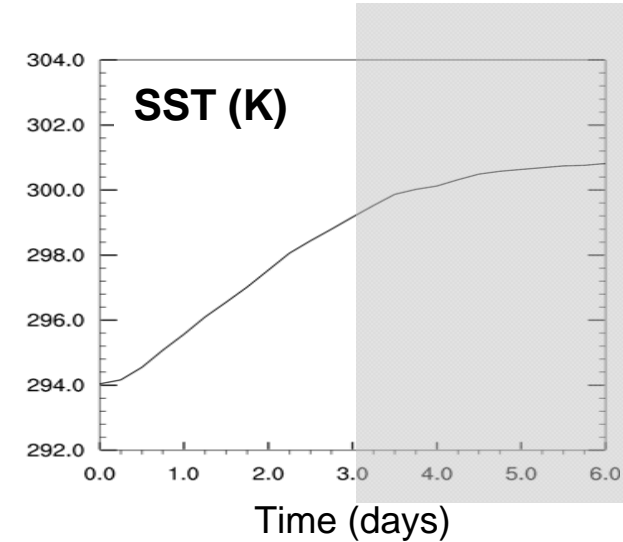
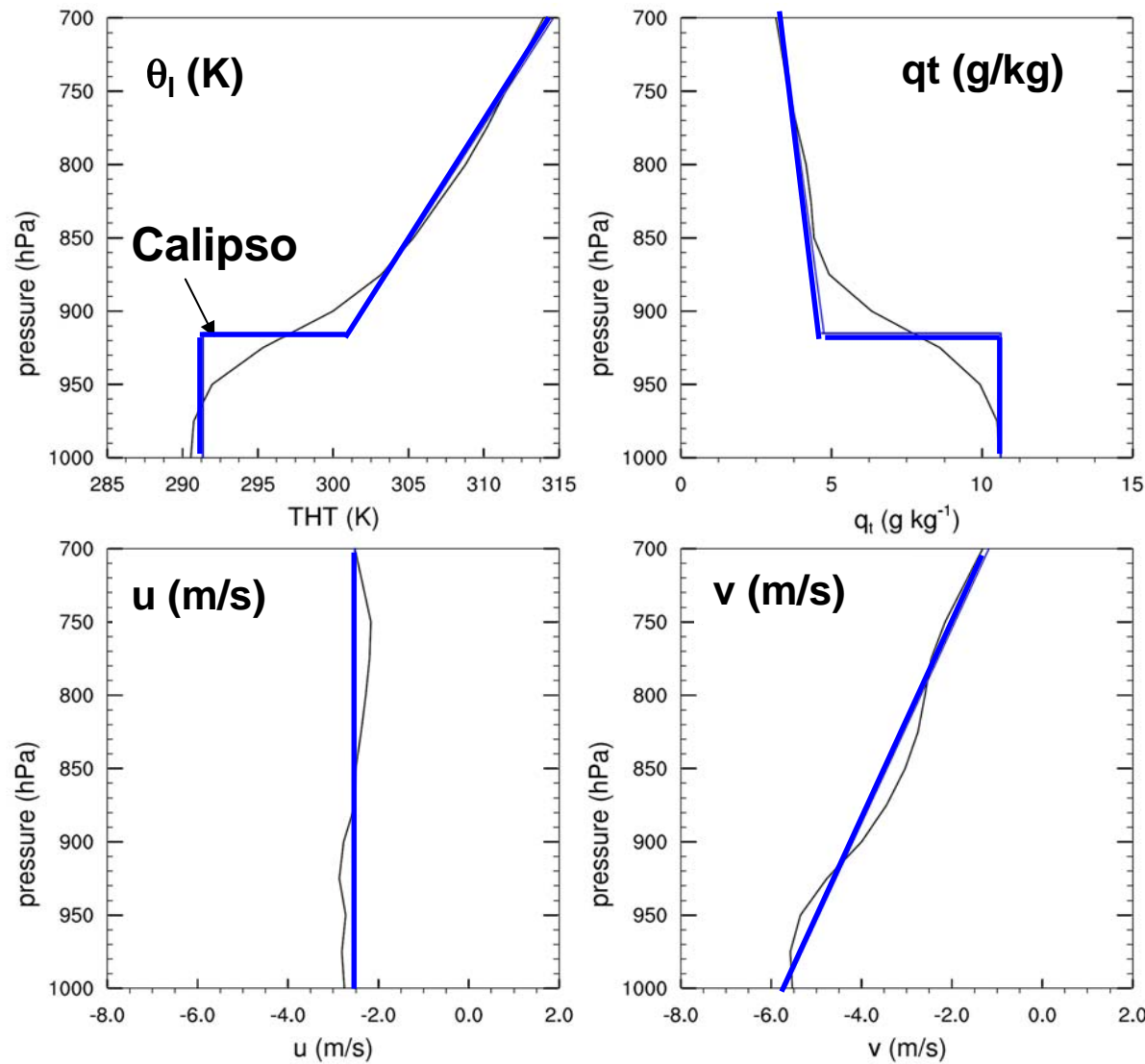
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Composite REF case : NEP - JJA 2006-2007

Initial profiles (10 LT)

Forcing

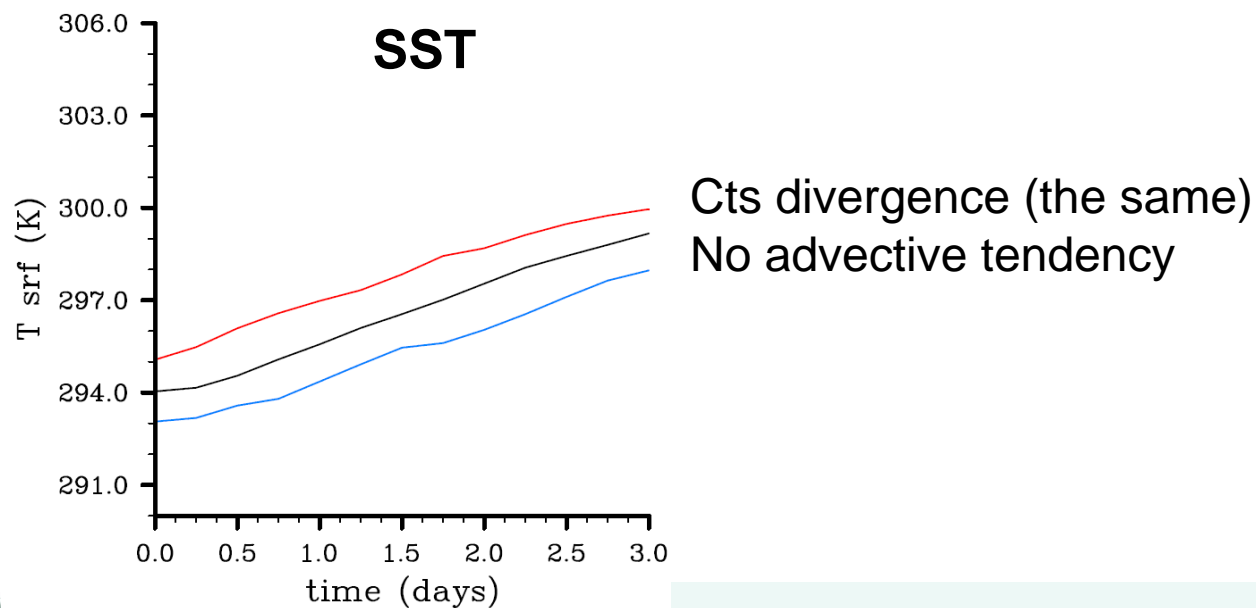
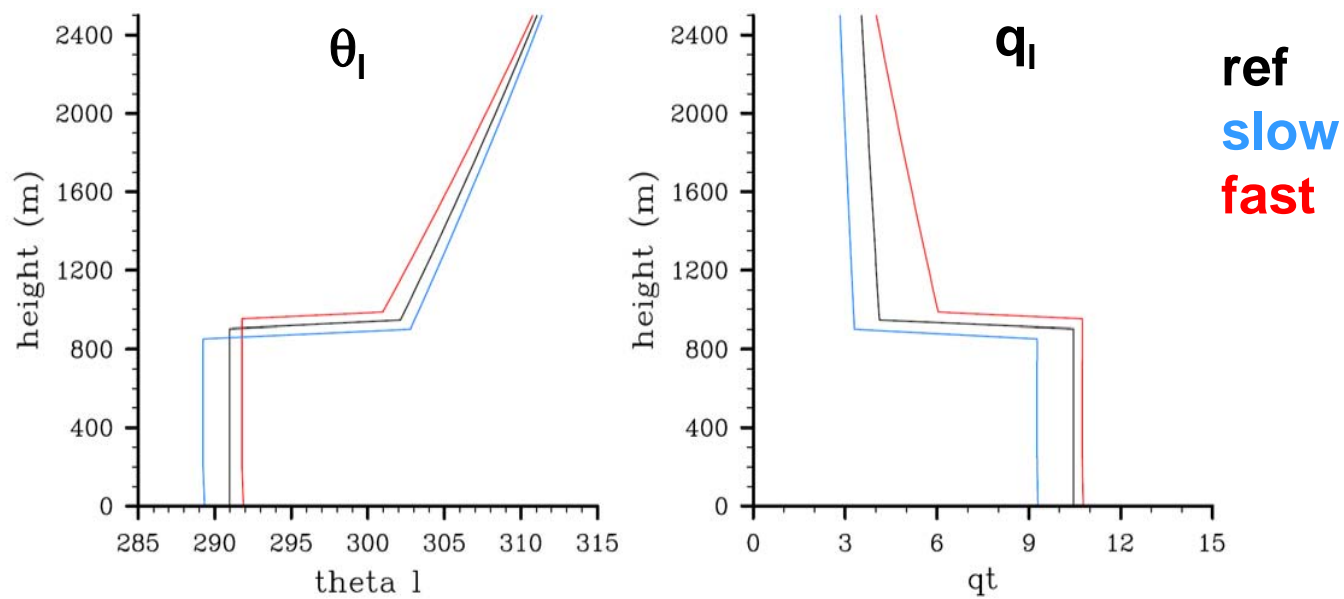


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Initial conditions



Simulations

- ✓ initial time : 10 LT, duration: 72 hours
- ✓ initial date: 15 July
- ✓ diurnal cycle of solar radiative forcing taken into account
- ✓ cloud droplet number concentration: 100 cm^{-3}
- ✓ resolution : $x = 35\text{m}$, $z = 5\text{m}$ (at cloud top)
- ✓ domain size : $4.48 \times 4.48 \times 3.2 \text{ km}$ ($128 \times 128 \times 428$ points)

Models & participants

| | REF | FAST | SLOW | ASTEX |
|--|-----|------|------|-------|
| ✓ UCLA-LES (Irina Sandu) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| ✓ DALES (Johan van der Dussen, Stephan de Roode) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| ✓ UKMO (Adrian Lock) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| ✓ SAM (Peter Blossey, Chris Bretherton) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| ✓ DHARMA (Andy Ackerman) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| ✓ Univ. of Warsaw | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |

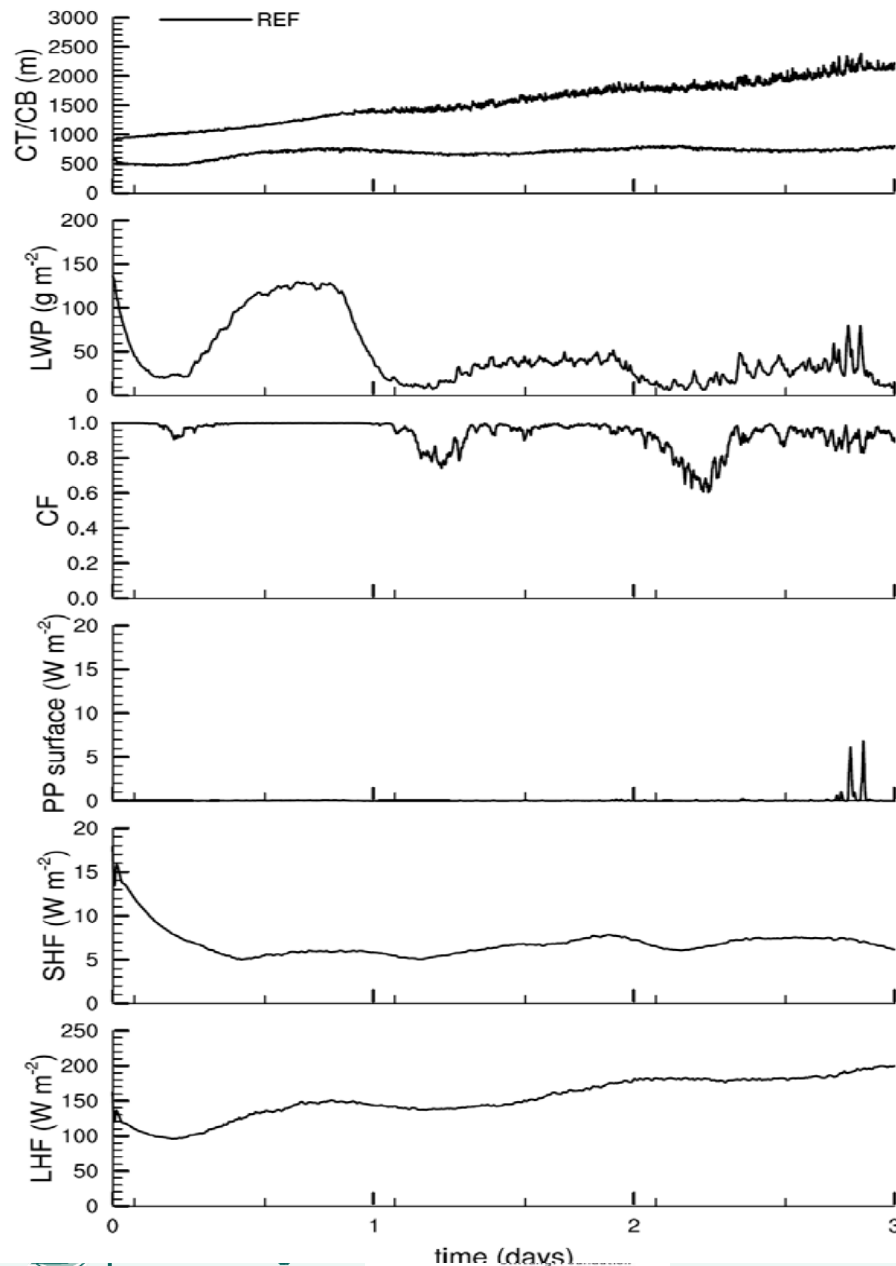


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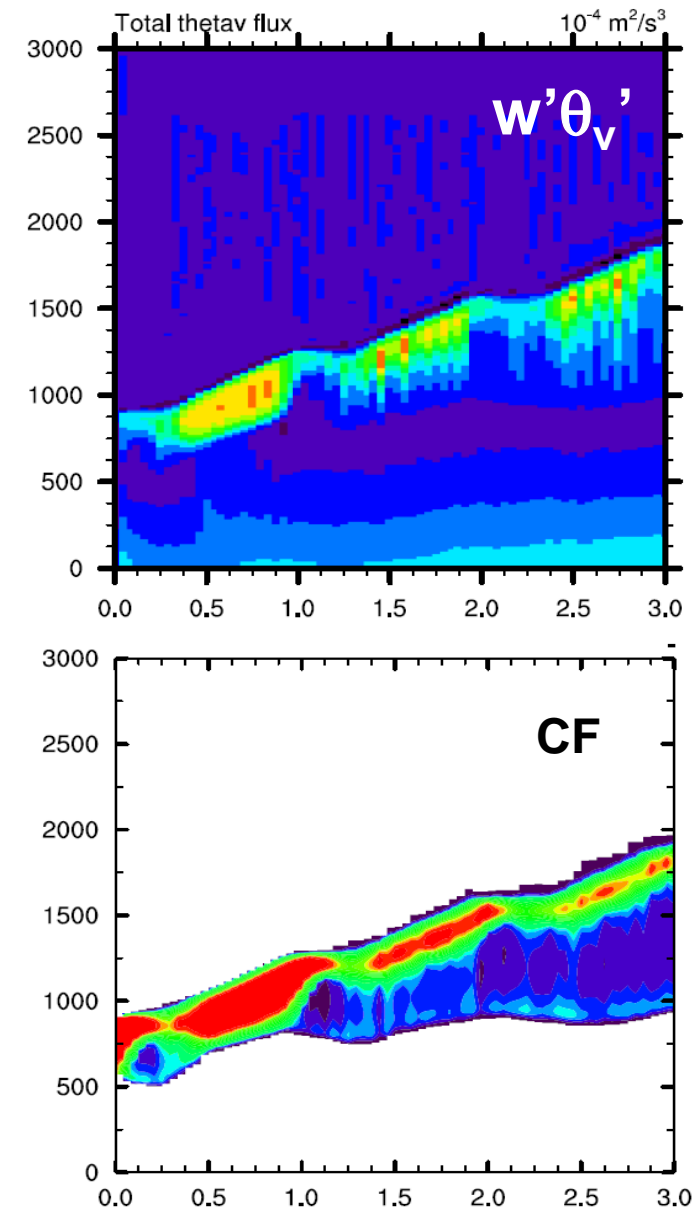
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The simulations capture the major observed features of the SCT, and corroborate the conceptual model proposed by Bretherton (1992) to explain it



UCLA



Slow against fast SCT (UCLA – big domain)

