

Solar radiation biases over the Southern Ocean in CFMIP2 models

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- Cyclone compositing (Field and Wood, *J. Climate*, 2007)
- Projection onto ISCCP clusters (Williams and Webb, Clim. Dyn., 2009)
- AMIP experiment
- DJF season
- Observations
 - Radiative fluxes from CERES and ISCCP-FD, daily ISCCP cloud properties
 - MSLP from ERA-I



Cyclone composite

- Southern Ocean [40°S, 70°S]

- 3 DJF seasons







Bias in cold-air side correlates with climatological bias





Contribution to climatological bias

(c) OSR*RFO cyclones **RFO*OSR** non-cyclone (f) 200 200 150 150 W m⁻² W m⁻² CERES 100 100 RA BCC-CSM1-1-M CanAM4 CNRM-CM5 -ladGEM2-A PSL-CM5A-LR 50 50 -CM5A-MR PSL IPSL-CM5B-LR MIROC5 MPI-ESM-LR MRI-CGCM3 0 0 45S 50S 55S 60S 65S 70S 40S 45S 50S 55S 60S 65S 70S 40S Latitude Latitude



Which clouds contribute most to the error?

Contributions to error in OSR 60 RFO OSR Cross term 40 20 AOSR (W m⁻²) 0 -20 -40 -60 -80 Ci Clear-sky Cu Transition Sc Mid-top Frontal Thin ci









•C1: clear-sky •C2: low-level cloud •C3+C4: cloud with top at mid-level •C5-8: high cloud



- OSR bias over the S. Ocean still a problem in CMIP5 models
- ERAI shows similar errors to other models, which suggests that parameterisations play a leading role in the bias.
- Cyclone composite:
 - Similar pattern of errors
 - Negative OSR bias in cold-air side.
- Cyclones dominate the climatological biases south of 55°S.
- The 'mid-level' regime is the main contributor to OSR biases
- CALIPSO-GOCCP data show that the mid-level regime is dominated by cloud with tops at mid-level, and low-level cloud.
- Both classes contribute to the observe OSR biases in the midlevel regime.



Thanks!

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